Application and Reasoning Step 7: Apostrophes 1

National Curriculum Objectives:

English Year 2: (2G5.8) Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns [for example, the girl's name]

Differentiation:

Questions 1, 4 and 7 (Application)

Developing Rewrite a given sentence, changing a contraction into the words which formed it. Includes only first person contractions, such as 'I'm', or contractions with one letter omitted, such as 'hasn't'.

Expected Rewrite a given sentence, changing a contraction into the words which formed it. Includes any regular contractions, such as 'shouldn't', or irregular contractions, such as 'won't'. Greater Depth Write two sentences from a stem, changing a contraction into both sets of words which could have formed it. Questions explore instances where the same contraction can represent different omitted letters, depending on context, such as when 'he's' could represent 'he is' or 'he has'.

Questions 2, 5 and 8 (Application)

Developing Rewrite a sentence to correct a contraction mistake. Includes only first person contractions, such as 'I'd', or contractions with one letter omitted, such as 'you're'. Expected Rewrite a sentence to correct a contraction mistake. Includes any regular contractions, such as 'he'd'.

Greater Depth Write two sentences from stems, correcting the contraction mistakes and showing both meanings of the contraction. Questions explore instances where the same contraction can represent different omitted letters, depending on context, such as when 'we'd' could represent 'we had' or 'we would'.

Questions 3, 6 and 9 (Reasoning)

Developing Explain the contraction mistake. Includes only first person contractions, such as 'I've', or contractions with one letter omitted, such as 'it's'.

Expected Explain the contraction mistake. Includes any regular contractions, such as 'we've'. Greater Depth Explain the contraction mistake. Questions explore instances where the same contraction can represent different omitted letters, depending on context, such as when 'she'd' could represent 'she had' or 'she would'.

<u>More resources</u> from our Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling scheme of work.

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Apostrophes 1

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1a. Rewrite the sentence below, using full words instead of the contraction.

1b. Rewrite the sentence below, using full words instead of the contraction.

I'm not happy.

The race hasn't ended.





2a. Rewrite the sentence below with the contraction corrected.

2b. Rewrite the sentence below with the contraction corrected.

You'are eating sweets.











3a. Explain the mistake which has been made when contracting the words.

3b. Explain the mistake which has been made when contracting the words.



To contract 'it is' I wrote down it.s.



To contract 'I have' I wrote down l'e.







Apostrophes 1

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4a. Rewrite the sentence below, using full words instead of the contraction.

4b. Rewrite the sentence below, using full words instead of the contraction.

They won't be as tasty as last time.

We shouldn't play with the matches.





5b. Rewrite the sentence below with the contraction corrected.

He"d have won if he had better luck.

contraction corrected.

If they go to the island, they'l find the treasure.







6a. Explain the mistake which has been made when contracting the words.

6b. Explain the mistake which has been made when contracting the words.



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To contract 'we have' I wrote down we'ave.



To contract 'you had' I wrote down youd'.









Apostrophes 1

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7a. Use the sentence stem below to create two different sentences, using full words instead of the contraction.

7b. Use the sentence stem below to create two different sentences, using full words instead of the contraction.

We bumped into Charlie, and he's...

I just could not believe you'd...

Each sentence must show a different meaning of the contraction.

Each sentence must show a different meaning of the contraction.





8a. Correct the contraction errors below and complete each sentence.

8b. Correct the contraction errors below and complete each sentence.

After a long drive, we,d...

Over there is Zoe, whos'...

After a long drive, wed...

Over there is Zoe, who 's...

Each sentence must show a different meaning of the contraction.

Each sentence must show a different meaning of the contraction.





9a. Explain the mistake which has been made when contracting the words.

9b. Explain the mistake which has been made when contracting the words.



To contract 'it has' and 'it is', I wrote down its' and it's.



To contract 'she had' and 'she would', I wrote down she'd and she'ld.







<u>Application and Reasoning</u> <u>Apostrophes 1</u>

Developing

1a. I am not happy.

2a. You're eating sweets.

3a. Edie has used a comma instead of an apostrophe.

Expected

4a. They will not be as tasty as last time.

5a. He'd have won if he had better luck.

6a. Marie has not taken away enough letters. The 'a' of 'have' should be removed, making 'we've'.

Greater Depth

7a. Various answers, for example: We bumped into Charlie, and he has bought a new car; We bumped into Charlie, and he is much taller!

8a. Various answers, for example: After a long drive, we'd stopped for the night; After a long drive, we'd always check the tyres.

9a. Zac has positioned the apostrophe incorrectly in his contraction of 'it has'. It should be placed where the removed letters were. Both word pairs contract to form 'it's'.

Application and Reasoning Apostrophes 1

Developing

1b. The race has not ended.

2b. I'd like some pizza.

3b. Stan has taken away too many letters. The 'v' of 'have' should remain, making 'l've'.

Expected

4b. We should not play with the matches.

5b. If they go to the island, they'll find the treasure.

6b. Alys has positioned the apostrophe incorrectly. It should be placed where the removed letters were, making 'you'd'.

Greater Depth

7b. Various answers, for example: I just could not believe you had been given so many toys; I just could not believe you would lie to me!

8b. Various answers, for example: Over there is Zoe, who's Tasha's best friend; Over there is Zoe, who's been to France.

9b. Marty has not taken away enough letters in his contraction of 'she would'. The 'I' should be removed. Both word pairs contract to form 'she'd'.

